



使用说明书

Single-string PWM charging control

Constant current integrated unit

3212 3218 3230

Instruction manual

Product Model	Application Scenario
3212-S	-S Single string PWM charging control constant current all-in-one machine
3218-S	
3230-S	
3212-G	-G Single string PWM with inductive function charging control constant current all-in-one machine (External induction module)
3218-G	
3230-G	
3212-I	-I Single string PWM with IOT function charging control constant current all-in-one machine(External communication module)
3218-I	
3230-I	

1. Product characteristics

- ◆ The lithium batteries are all parallel, resulting in a high cycle life and long lifespan, while also being simple and stable to manufacture.
- ◆ The batteries require no protection board; the system features dual battery protection, combining software and hardware, validated over 5 years with millions of lamps, ensuring stable and reliable protection.
- ◆ Extremely low dormant current further enhances energy efficiency, facilitating long-distance transportation and storage.
- ◆ The lighting power is automatically adjusted based on real-time battery capacity and solar charging capacity, ensuring both brightness and lighting duration, and guaranteeing illumination 365 days a year.
- ◆ Multiple intelligent power modes are available, automatically adjusting load power based on battery level.
- ◆ Multiple protection functions including LED short circuit/open circuit/power limit protection.
- ◆ Expandable sensing functionality.
- ◆ Supports IoT remote communication for real-time viewing, statistical data analysis, and automatic fault alarms.
- ◆ All-aluminum metal casing, IP67 waterproof rating, suitable for use in various harsh environments.

2. Operation Instructions

2.1 PWM Charging Introduction

The solar controller adopts advanced series pulse-width modulation (PWM) mode, with PWM wide range of regulation from 0 to 100%, which enables quick and stable charging of the battery under any system conditions.

The PWM charging mode is to charge the battery with the pulse current of automatic change duty cycle, so the pulsating charging can make the battery more safe and fast full charge, the disconnection period makes the oxygen and hydrogen produced by the chemical reaction of the battery have time to re-combine and be absorbed, so that the concentration polarization and ohmic polarization are naturally eliminated, thereby the internal pressure of the battery is reduced, and the battery can absorb more power. The pulse charging mode makes the battery have a more adequate reaction time, reduces the amount of gas(gas produced during the charging and discharging of battery), and improves the acceptance rate of the battery to the charging current.

2.2 Dormant and Wake-up:

1. Going to the dormant

A. Press the [Exit] button of the RC1 remote control, the controller shuts down all external control devices and enters the dormant state with extremely low power consumption to avoid the lithium battery feed caused by long-term non-use;

B. Press the [OFF] button of the RC6 remote control, the controller shuts down all external control devices and enters the dormant state with extremely low power consumption to avoid the lithium battery feed caused by long-term non-use;

Note: The dormant function is prohibited for long-term storage or transportation.

2. Wake up from the dormant

A. After the controller is dormant, if the photovoltaic panel is connected, the controller can be awakened to charge when the charging conditions are met during the day, and the load will be automatically turned on at night.




B. After the controller is dormant, if press the [ON] button of the RC6 remote control, you can directly wake up the controller to turn on the light even though the photovoltaic panel is not connected.

The dormant and wake state transitions are as follows:

Controller State Remote	Dormancy	Wake-up	Charge	Discharge	LED indicator status after dormancy
RC1	Hold down the [Exit] button	-	-	-	Extinguish all
RC6	Tap the [OFF] button	-	-	-	Extinguish all
Battery overdischarge	After 10 mins Automatic dormancy	-	-	-	The red indicator blinks every 1 second
-	-	PV charge 10 seconds	It can be charged normally during the day.	It can discharge normally after waking up at night.	-
RC6	-	Tap the [ON] button	It can be charged normally during the day.	After waking up, the light will automatically turn on for 2 seconds to test whether the load is normal; It can be discharged normally at night.	-

2.3 Status indication

The 3212 3218 3230 controllers have 3 indicator lights

LED Light	Indicative content	State	Function	Remote control system status
	Green indicator light Indicates charging state	Constant light	The photovoltaic panel voltage is greater than the photocontrol voltage	Start the light control
		Extinguish	The photovoltaic panel voltage is less than the photocontrol voltage	Off the light control
		Slow flashing	Be Charging	Be Charging
		Quick flashing	Battery is fully charged	Battery is fully charged
	Red indicator light Indicates battery state	Constant light	Battery is working fine	Normal operation
		Extinguish	The battery is not connected or the remote shuts down	Not running or shutdown status
		Slow flashing	Battery overdischarge	Overdischarge
		Quick flashing	LED load short circuit	Short-Circuit
	Blue indicator light Indicates load state	Constant light	The load is turned on	Discharge
		Extinguish	The load is turned off	Leisure
		Slow flashing	LED load percentage output	Percentage discharge
		Quick flashing	LED load is disconnected	Open-circuit

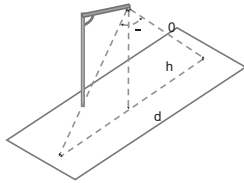
2.4 Sensing function:

The default delay time for the controller is 20 seconds. The delay time can be changed within the factory as required before mass production.

Controller is divided into two types: human infrared induction (IR) and microwave induction (WB) :

Human infrared sensor is a kind of sensing product made by using the principle of pyroelectric effect, that is, a phenomenon that generates electric charge due to temperature change. The detection range of the infrared sensor probe will be affected by the difference between the temperature of the human body and the environment, and the higher the environment temperature (the closer to the human body temperature), the less sensitive the sensor.

Microwave inductive sensor is a moving object detector designed by using the principle of the Doppler effect. It detects whether the position of an object has moved by using a non-contact way, and then generates the corresponding switching operation. It has strong anti- RF interference ability, and is not affected by temperature, humidity, light, airflow, dust ,etc.



The type of induction	θ (Angle)	H ((Light Pole Height))	D(Induction Width)
IR(Infrared)	60 °	6 ~ 8m	9 ~ 14m
WB(Microwave)	65 °	6 ~ 9m	10 ~ 16m

2.5 IOT functions

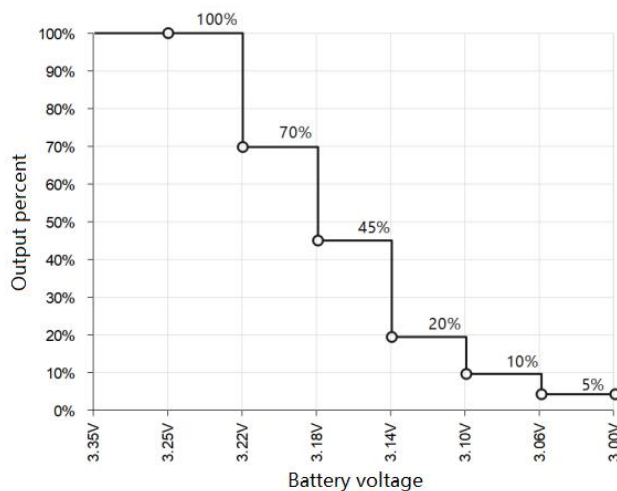
IOT function: smart street lights IOT based on IOT technology can achieve intellectualized control of street lamp lighting, thereby improving the efficiency and quality of street lamp lighting. Main advantages:

1. On-demand lighting: realize automatic control of lighting;
2. Remote monitoring: real-time monitoring of the running status of the street lamp, and remote operation of the street lamp switch, remote adjustment of the lighting time;
3. Anomaly monitoring: It can monitor whether the street lamp is abnormal in real time, which is convenient for timely examine and repair.

2.7 Intelligent Power

Intelligent power: When the battery supply is insufficient due to weather or other reasons, in order to ensure the lighting time, the controller starts the smart power reduction to reduce the output power in the preceding period to ensure that there is power in the later time period.

Intelligent power reduction is shown as follows:



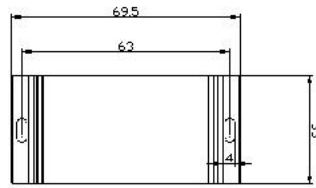
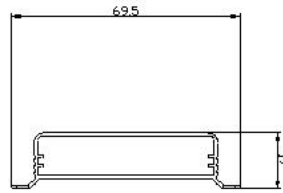
2.7 Size drawing:

3212 size as follows:

Product size: 69.5×33×17mm

Installation size: 63×8

Installation aperture: $\varphi 4.0 \times 8.0$

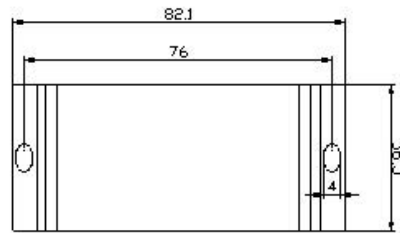
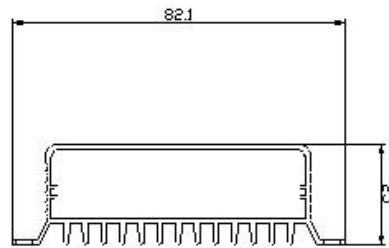


3218 3230 size as follows:

Product size: 82×36.5×25mm

Installation size: 76×8

Installation aperture: $\varphi 4.0 \times 8.0$



3. Technical parameter

Parameter Name	Parameter Value			Parameter Adjustable	Default Value
Model number	3212	3218	3230		
Controller type	PWM charging, load step-down constant current				
System voltage	3.2V				
Static power consumption	≤20mA				
Dormant power consumption	≤6mA				
Load current	0.33A~6.60A	0.33A~8.25A	0.33A~10.5A	√	0.33A
Load voltage	3V				
Load LED string number	20W	25W	32W		
Maximum load power	97%				
Load conversion efficiency	< 3%				
Load current accuracy	Automatic				
Intelligent power	5 stage time control +1 stage morning light/ 4 stage time control +4 stage induction			All Support	
Load working period	30mins				
Time adjustment amplitude	5%				
Power adjustment amplitude	15A		20A		
Maximum charging current	≤ 9V				
Solar input voltage	6V 90W		6V 120W		
Overvoltage	3.65V				
Charge return voltage	3.45V				
Overdischarge voltage	2.65V				

Light-controlled voltage	On: 1.5V, Off: 2.0V			√	Mid
Light control delay	5S~60S			√	5S
Operating temperature	-35°C~+65°C				
Class of protection	IP67				
Protection function	Photovoltaic panel reverse connection protection, photovoltaic panel overpressure protection, lithium battery overcharge and overdischarge protection, lithium battery BMS overvoltage detection protection, load short circuit protection, Load overcurrent protection				
Weight (g)	75	125	135		
Controller Size (mm)	69.5X33X17	82×36.5×25	82×36.5×25		

4. Protection Function

◆ Waterproof Protection

Waterproof rating: IP67

◆ Lithium battery BMS overcharge detection protection

When the controller detects that the BMS is overcharged, the controller immediately stops charging to prevent the high voltage of the photovoltaic end from being added to both ends of the BMS for a long time, resulting in high voltage damage to the BMS.

◆ High temperature protection

When the ambient temperature is higher than the set value, the controller stops charging and discharging to prevent the risk of damage to the lithium battery due to excessive temperature.

◆ Photovoltaic input overvoltage protection

If the input voltage of the PV panel is too high (reaches 9V), the controller automatically cuts off the PV input.

◆ Photovoltaic input reverse protection

When the photovoltaic array polarity is reversed, the controller will not be damaged, and will continue to work normally after correcting the wiring error.

◆ Load limit power protection

When the customer uses the LED lamp power is too large, or the regulating load current is too large, the controller will limit the load power output to less than the rated power to ensure that the controller and the LED load will not be damaged.

◆ Load short-circuit protection

When a short circuit occurs, the controller immediately cuts off the load output to prevent damage to the controller. After the load short-circuit condition is lifted, the controller will automatically restore the output within 1 minute (if it is short-circuit for a long time, it will automatically restore the output once an hour), or press the remote control test button (CU or mini2) to automatically restore the output after 10S.

◆ Load open circuit protection

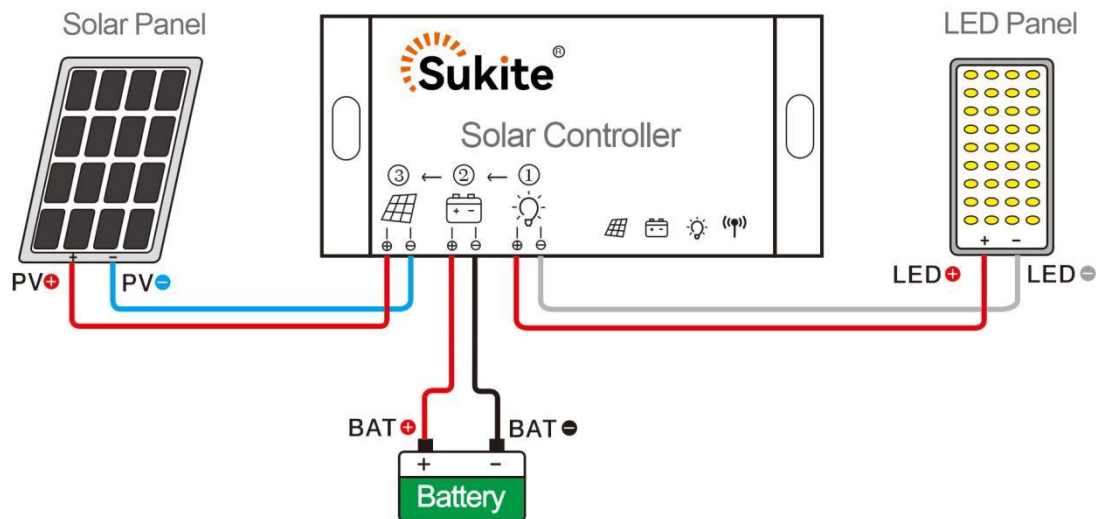
When the LED load light is on normally and the load connection is suddenly disconnected, the controller is not damaged.

- ◆ **Anti-charge protection at night**

Prevent the battery from discharging through the panel at night.

5. Electrical Wiring Diagram

3212 Wiring Diagram:



3218 3230 Wiring Diagram:

